AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 19-20. A copy of all pending claims and a status of the claims is provided below.

1. (original) A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device, comprising steps of:

forming a semiconductor layer on a substrate;

expanding a first region of the substrate to push up a first portion of the semiconductor layer;

compressing a second region of the substrate to pull down a second portion of the semiconductor layer;

forming an N type device over the first portion of the semiconductor layer; and forming a P type device over the second portion of the semiconductor layer.

- 2. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising a step of forming an oxide layer between the semiconductor layer and the substrate.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of expanding the first region comprises a step of ion-implanting an expansion element in the first region of the substrate.

Serial No.: 10/605,167

--3--

- 4. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein the expansion element is ion-implanted at an implantation concentration of approximately 1×10^{14} atoms/cm² to 5×10^{16} atoms/cm² and at an implantation energy of approximately 30 KeV to 300 KeV.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein a concentration peak of the implanted expansion element is confined within the first region.
 - 6. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein the expansion element is O_2 .
- 7. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein the step of compressing the second region comprises a step of ion-implanting a compression element in the second region of the substrate.
- 8. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the compression element is ion-implanted at an implantation concentration of approximately 1×10^{14} atoms/cm² to 5×10^{16} atoms/cm² and at an implantation energy of approximately 30 KeV to 300 KeV.
- 9. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein a concentration peak of the implanted compression element is confined within the second region.

Serial No.: 10/605,167

- 10. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the compression element is He, Ar or noble gas.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein the step of ion-implanting the compression element comprise a step of masking to selectively expose a channel region of the P type device.
- 12. (original) The method of claim 7, further comprising a step of annealing to expand the first region and to compress the second region.
- 13. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein the step of annealing is performed at a temperature of approximately 500° C to 1200° C for approximately 1 second to 30 minutes.
- 14. (original) A method of manufacturing a semiconductor device, comprising steps of:

forming a semiconductor layer on a substrate;

selectively ion-implanting an expansion element in a first region of the substrate;

selectively ion-implanting a compression element in a second region of the substrate;

annealing to expand the first region and to compress the second region, wherein the expanded first region pushes up a first portion of the semiconductor layer and the compressed

second region pulls down a second portion of the semiconductor layer; and

Serial No.: 10/605,167

--5--

forming an N type device on the first portion of the semiconductor layer; and forming a P type device on the second portion of the semiconductor layer.

- 15. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein the expansion element is O_2 and the compression element is He, Ar or noble gas.
- 16. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein the expansion element is ion-implanted at an implantation concentration of approximately 1×10^{14} atoms/cm² to 5×10^{16} atoms/cm² and at an implantation energy of approximately 30 KeV to 300 KeV.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein the compression element is ion-implanted at an implantation concentration of approximately 1×10^{14} atoms/cm² to 5×10^{16} atoms/cm² and at an implantation energy of approximately 30 KeV to 300 KeV.
- 18. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of annealing is performed at a temperature of approximately 500° C to 1200° C for approximately 1 second to 30 minutes.
 - 19. 20. (canceled)